AMENDED CLAIMS

[received by the International Bureau on 16 September 2005 (16.09.2005); original claims 1 and 11 amended; remaining claims unchanged (9 pages)]

A double-stranded ribonucleic acid (dsRNA), consisting of first and second single RNA strands, having increased effectiveness in inhibiting the expression of a target gene by means of RNA interference, wherein the dsRNA comprises first and second double-stranded ends, wherein at least one double-stranded end is blunt, wherein only one double-stranded end comprises a nucleotide overhang of 1 to 4 unpaired nucleotides, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprises a purine base; and wherein the terminal base pair of the first double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the first double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; wherein the terminal base pair of the second double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the second double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; excluding the following dsRNAs:

5'- CAGGACCUCGCCGCUGCAGACC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 1)
3'-CGGUCCUGGAGCGGCGACGUCUGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 2),

5'- GCCUUUGUGGAACUGUACGGCC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 3)
3'-UACGGAAACACCUUGACAUGCCGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 4),

20 5'-CUUCUCCGCCUCACACCGCUGCAA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 5) 3'-GAAGAGGCGGAGUGUGGCGACG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 6),

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5'- ACGGCUAGCUGUGAAAGGUCC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 13) 3'-AGUGCCGAUCGACACUUUCCAGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 14),

5'- CAAGGAGCAGGGACAAGUUAC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 15) 3'-AAGUUCCUCGUCCCUGUUCAAUG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 16) and

5'-CACGUACGCGGAAUACUUCGAAA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 17) 3'-GUGCAUGCGCCUUAUGAAGCU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 18).

A double-stranded ribonucleic acid (dsRNA), consisting of first and second single RNA strands, having increased effectiveness in inhibiting the expression of a target gene by means of RNA interference, wherein the dsRNA comprises first and second double-stranded ends, wherein both double-stranded ends independently comprise a nucleotide overhang of 1 to 4 unpaired nucleotides, wherein the nucleotide overhang on at least one double-stranded end is 5'-GC-3'; wherein the terminal base pair of the first double-stranded

end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the first double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; wherein the terminal base pair of the second double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the second double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; excluding the following dsRNAs:

	5'- CCGCUUGACUGCAGAGAGUGC-3' 3'-UCGGCGAACUGACGUCUCUCA-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	19) 20),
10	5'- CAUCUUCUUCAAGGACGACGGC-3' 3'-UGGUAGAAGAAGUUCCUGCUGC-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	21) 22),
	5'- GGUGGCGCUGGAUGGUAAGCCGC-3' 3'-UACCACCGCGACCUACCAUUCGG-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	23) 24),
15	5'- UCCCCAGGAGGCCUGCGGAGC-3' 3'-GGAGGGGUCCUCCGGACGCCCU-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	25) 26),
20	5'- UGCAGCUUCGAAGCCUCACAGA-3' 3'-CGACGUCGAAGCUUCGGAGUGU-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	27) 28),
	5'- UGGGGAGAGAGUUCUGAGGAUU-3' 3'-CGACCCCUCUCUCAAGACUCCU-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	29) 30),
	5'- ACCUCCGCAACAACUACGCGC-3' 3'-GAUGGAGGCGUUGUUGAUGCG-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	31) 32),
25	5'- GUAGACCUUGCUACUGCCUGC-3' 3'-ACCAUCUGGAACGAUGACGGA-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	33) 34),
	5'- CAUGACGGAACUAGAGACAGC-3' 3'-UGGUACUGCCUUGAUCUCUGU-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	35) 36),
30	5'- CUCUACGCUUGUACGAGGAGC-3' 3'-CAGAGAUGCGAACAUGCUCCU-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	37) 38),
	5'- CAGACUUCGGAGUACCUGCGC-3' 3'-UUGUCUGAAGCCUCAUGGACG-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	39) 40) and
35	5'- CAUCUUCUUCAAGGACGACGGC-3' 3'-UGGUAGAAGAAGUUCCUGCUGC-5'	(SEQ ID NO: (SEQ ID NO:	41) 42).

3. The dsRNA of claim 1 or 2, wherein each nucleotide overhang independently consists of 1 or 2 unpaired nucleotides.

- 4. The dsRNA of claim 1 or 2, wherein at least half of the unpaired nucleotides comprise a purine base.
- 5 5. The dsRNA of claim 1, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprises a guanine (G).
 - 6. The dsRNA of claim 1, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprises an adenine (A) base.
- 7. The dsRNA of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide overhang consists of the sequence 10 5'-GC-3'.
 - 8. The dsRNA of claim 2, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair on the second end comprises a guanine (G) base.
 - 9. The dsRNA of claim 2, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair on the second double-stranded end comprises an adenine (A) base.
- 15 10. The dsRNA of claim 1 or 2, wherein the first single RNA strand is an antisense RNA strand, the second single RNA strand is a sense RNA strand, wherein the antisense RNA strand is complementary to a target gene or a portion thereof.
 - 11. The dsRNA of claim 10, wherein a nucleotide overhang is at the 3'end of the antisense strand.
- 20 12. The dsRNA of claim 10, wherein the region of the antisense strand that is complementary to the target gene is 19 to 24 nucleotides in length.
 - 13. The dsRNA of claim 10, wherein the antisense strand is 20 to 28 nucleotides in length.
 - 14. The dsRNA of claim 10, wherein the antisense strand is 21 nucleotides in length.
- 25 15. The dsRNA of claim 1 or 2, comprising at least one chemically modified nucleotide.

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16. The dsRNA of claim 15, wherein the chemically modified nucleotide comprises a non-natural base.

- 17. The dsRNA of claim 15, wherein the chemically modified nucleotide comprises a 2' modification.
- 5 18. The dsRNA of claim 17, wherein the 2' modification is selected from the group consisting of a 2'-amino modification, a 2'-alkyl modification, and a 2'-O-methyl modification, a 2'-O-ethyl modification, a 2'-O-propyl modification, a 2'-O-allyl modification, a 2'-O-aminoalkyl modification, and a 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro modification.
- 19. A method for the targeted selection of a double-stranded ribonucleic acid (dsRNA),
 10 consisting of first and second single RNA strands, having increased effectiveness in inhibiting the expression of a target gene by means of RNA interference, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) selecting a dsRNA comprising first and second double-stranded ends, wherein only one double-stranded end comprises a nucleotide overhang of 1 to 4 unpaired nucleotides in length;
 - (b) selecting a dsRNA comprising first and second double-stranded ends, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprises a purine base;
- (c) selecting a dsRNA comprising first and second double-stranded ends, wherein the terminal base pair of the first double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the first double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; wherein the terminal base pair of the second double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the second double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; and
 - (d) excluding the following dsRNAs:

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CAGGACCUCGCCGCUGCAGACC-3 (SEQ ID NO: 1) 3'-CGGUCCUGGAGCGCGACGUCUGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 2), GCCUUUGUGGAACUGUACGGCC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 3) 3'-UACGGAAACACCUUGACAUGCCGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 4), 5'-CUUCUCCGCCUCACACCGCUGCAA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 5) 3'-GAAGAGGCGGAGUGUGGCGACG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 6), 5°-ACGGCUAGCUGUGAAAGGUCC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 13) 3'-AGUGCCGAUCGACACUUUCCAGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 14),

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CAAGGAGCAGGGACAAGUUAC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 15) 3'-AAGUUCCUCGUCCCUGUUCAAUG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 16) and

15 5'-CACGUACGCGGAAUACUUCGAAA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 17) 3'-GUGCAUGCGCCUUAUGAAGCU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 18).

- 20. A method for the targeted selection of a double-stranded ribonucleic acid (dsRNA), consisting of first and second single RNA strands, having increased effectiveness in inhibiting the expression of a target gene by means of RNA interference, comprising the 20 steps of:
 - (a) selecting a dsRNA comprising first and second double-stranded ends, wherein both ends comprise a nucleotide overhang of 1 to 4 unpaired nucleotides in length;
- (b) selecting a dsRNA comprising first and second double-stranded ends, wherein the nucleotide overhang on at least one end is 5'-GC-3'; 25
 - (c) selecting a dsRNA comprising first and second double stranded ends, wherein the terminal base pair of the first double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the first double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; wherein the terminal base pair of the second double-stranded end comprises a guanine-cytosine (G-C) base pair or the four consecutive terminal base pairs of the second double-stranded end comprises at least two G-C base pairs; and
 - (d) excluding the following dsRNAs:
 - CCGCUUGACUGCAGAGAGUGC-3° (SEQ ID NO: 19) 3'-UCGGCGAACUGACGUCUCUCA-5' (SEQ ID NO: 20),

CAUCUUCUUCAAGGACGACGGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 21) 3'-UGGUAGAAGAAGUUCCUGCUGC-5' (\$EQ ID NO: 22), GGUGGCGCUGGAUGGUAAGCCGC-3' 5'-(SEQ ID NO: 23) 3'-UACCACCGCGACCUACCAUUCGG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 24), 5°-UCCCCAGGAGGCCUGCGGGAGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 25) 3'-GGAGGGUCCUCCGGACGCCCU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 26), 10 UGCAGCUUCGAAGCCUCACAGA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 27) 3'-CGACGUCGAAGCUUCGGAGUGU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 28), UGGGGAGAGUUCUGAGGAUU-3' (SEQ ID NO: 29) 3'-CGACCCCUCUCUCAAGACUCCU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 30), ACCUCCGCAACAACUACGCGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 31) 3'-GAUGGAGGCGUUGUUGAUGCG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 32), GUAGACCUUGCUACUGCCUGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 33) 3'-ACCAUCUGGAACGAUGACGGA-5' (SEQ ID NO: 34), 20 CAUGACGGAACUAGAGACAGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 35) 3'-UGGUACUGCCUUGAUCUCUGU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 36), CUCUACGCUUGUACGAGGAGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 37) 3'-CAGAGAUGCGAACAUGCUCCU-5' (SEQ ID NO: 38), CAGACUUCGGAGUACCUGCGC-3° (SEQ ID NO: 39) 25 3'-UUGUCUGAAGCCUCAUGGACG-5' (SEQ ID NO: 40) and CAUCUUCUUCAAGGACGACGGC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 41) 3'- UGGUAGAAGAAGUUCCUGCUGC-5' (SEQ ID NO: 42).

- The method of claim 19 or 20, wherein each nucleotide overhang independently
 consists of 1 or 2 unpaired nucleotides.
 - 22. The methods of claim 19 or 20, wherein at least half of the unpaired nucleotides comprise a purine base.
 - 23. The method of claim 19, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprises a guanine (G) base.

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24. The method of claim 19, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprises an adenine (A) base.

- 25. The method of claim 19, wherein the nucleotide overhang consists of the sequence 5'-GC-3'.
- 5 26. The method of claim 20, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprise a guanine (G) base.
 - 27. The method of claim 20, wherein the unpaired nucleotide adjacent to the terminal nucleotide base pair comprise an adenine (A) base.
- 28. The method of claim 19 or 20, wherein the first single RNA strand is an antisense RNA strand, the second single RNA strand is a sense RNA strand, wherein the antisense RNA strand is complementary to a target gene or a portion thereof.
 - 29. The method of claim 28, wherein the nucleotide overhang is at the 3'end of the antisense strand.
- 30. The method of claim 28, wherein the region of the antisense strand that is complementary to the target gene is 19 to 24 nucleotides in length.
 - 31. The method of claim 28, wherein the antisense strand is 20 to 28 nucleotides in length.
 - 32. The method of claim 28, wherein the antisense strand is 21 nucleotides in length.
- 33. The method of claim 19 or 20, comprising at least one chemically modified nucleotide.
 - 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the chemically modified nucleotide comprises a non-natural base.
 - 35. The methods of claim 33, wherein the chemically modified nucleotide comprises a 2' modification.
- 25 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the 2' modification is selected from the group consisting of a 2'-amino modification, a 2'-alkyl modification, and a 2'-O-methyl

modification, a 2'-O-ethyl modification, a 2'-O-propyl modification, a 2'-O-allyl modification, a 2'-O-aminoalkyl modification, and a 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro modification.

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- 37. A pharmaceutical composition for inhibiting the expression of a target gene by means of RNA interference, comprising: a dsRNA of any one of claims 1-18, or a salt, prodrug or hydrate thereof; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 38. A method for inhibiting the expression of a target gene in a cell, comprising:
- (a) introducing into the cell a dsRNA of any one of claims 1-18, or a salt, prodrug or hydrate thereof; and
- (b) maintaining the cell for a time sufficient to obtain degradation of a mRNA transcript of the target gene.
 - 39. The method of claim 38, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- The method of claim 38 or 39, wherein the target gene is selected from the group 40. consisting of 11-hyroxysteroid dehydrogenase-1, acetyl-CoA-carboxylase-2, CoA:DAG acyltransferase-1, Adenosine A2 receptor, akt, AML-ETO, amyloid beta 15 precursor protein (APP), ApoA1, ApoB, ApoM, APS (adaptor protein with pleckstrin homology and src homology 2 domains, a-synuclein, Aurora A, Aurora B, beta-1 integrin subunit, beta-amyloid converting enzyme (BACE), Bax, beta-catenin, Bcl2, Bcl-XL, Bcrabl, caspase 8, caspase-3, CCR2, CD40, CD40L, cdk2, chk1, chk2, clotting factor VII, collagen, CD132, CTLA4, cyclin E, Dhor24, Dipeptidylpeptidase-IV, E-Cadherin, Eg5/KSP, EGF, EGFR1, EWS-Fli1, FAS-fatty acid synthase, FoxA-3, FoxO-1, Fructose-20 1,6-bisphosphate, Glucose-6-phophate, GM3 synthase, HDAC (histone deacetylase 1-6, 9), Her-2/erb2, HIF1, HMG CoA reductase, hormone sensitive lipase, huntingtin, IKK1, IKK2, LDLR, MDR1, Microsomal Triglyceride Transfer Protein, MMP1, MMP2, MMP9, MyD88, sodium voltage gated type X alpha polypeptide (NaV1.8), NFkB, p38 map kinase mitogen activated protein kinase, p85a regulatory subunit of PI3-kinase, PEPCK, plk1, 25 PTEN, PTP-1B, PU.1, raf, ras, Resistin, SCAP, SERBP-2, SHIP-2, SMAD7, SREBP1C, STAT1, stearoyl-CoA desaturase-1, TERT, TGF-beta-1, TGF-beta-1R1, Topoisomerase I, Topoisomerase II, VEGF, VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VLA1, VLA4, and vanilloid receptor (VR1).

A method of treating a disease, malady, or affliction caused by the expression of a 41. target gene in a subject, comprising administering to said subject a pharmaceutical composition of claim 37.

42. The method of claim 41, wherein the subject is a human.

(VR1).

5 43. The method of claim 41 or 42, wherein the target gene is selected from the group consisting of 11-hyroxysteroid dehydrogenase-1, acetyl-CoA-carboxylase-2, CoA:DAG acyltransferase-1, Adenosine A2 receptor, akt, AML-ETO, amyloid beta precursor protein (APP), ApoA1, ApoB, ApoM, APS (adaptor protein with pleckstrin homology and src homology 2 domains, a-synuclein, Aurora A, Aurora B, beta-1 integrin subunit, beta-amyloid converting enzyme (BACE), Bax, beta-catenin, Bcl2, Bcl-XL, Bcrabl, caspase 8, caspase-3, CCR2, CD40, CD40L, cdk2, chk1, chk2, clotting factor VII, collagen, CD132, CTLA4, cyclin E, Dhcr24, Dipeptidylpeptidase-IV, E-Cadherin, Eg5/KSP, EGF, EGFR1, EWS-Fli1, FAS-fatty acid synthase, FoxA-3, FoxO-1, Fructose-1,6-bisphosphate, Glucose-6-phophate, GM3 synthase, HDAC (histone deacetylase 1-6, 9), Her-2/erb2, HIF1, HMG CoA reductase, hormone sensitive lipase, huntingtin, IKK1, IKK2, 15 LDLR, MDR1, Microsomal Triglyceride Transfer Protein, MMP1, MMP2, MMP9, MyD88, sodium voltage gated type X alpha polypeptide (NaV1.8), NFkB, p38 map kinase mitogen activated protein kinase, p85a regulatory subunit of PI3-kinase, PEPCK, plk1, PTEN, PTP-1B, PU.1, raf, ras, Resistin, SCAP, SERBP-2, SHIP-2, SMAD7, SREBP1C, STAT1, stearoyl-CoA desaturase-1, TERT, TGF-beta-1, TGF-beta-1R1, Topoisomerase I, 20 Topoisomerase II, VEGF, VEGFR1, VEGFR2, VLA1, VLA4, and vanilloid receptor